

Assyria	Babylon	Medes	Persia (Anshan)
Ashur-Dan II (23 years) "son of Tiglath-Pileser (II)" 934 – 912	Ninurta-kudurri-usur II (1 year)		
	Mar-biti-ahhe-iddina (23 years)		
	Shamash-mudammiq (20 years)		
Adad-nirari II (21 years) "son of Ashur-Dan (II)" 911 – 891	Nabu-shuma-ukin (12 years)		
Tukulti-Ninurta II (7 years) "son of Adad-nirari (II)" 890 – 884	Nabu-apla-iddina (33 + years)		
Ashur-nasir-pal II (25 years) "son of Tukulti-Ninurta (II)" 883 – 859			
Shalmaneser III (35 years) "son of Ashur-nasir-pal (II)" 858 – 824 <i>Ahab, Ahaziah and Jehoram, and later Jehu), of Judah (Jehoshaphat, Jehoram and Ahaziah) and of Syria (Ben-Hadad and Hazael</i>	Marduk-zakir-shumi I (27 + years)		
	Marduk-balassu-iqbi (6 years) ??? - 813		
Shamshi-Adad V (13 years) "son of Shalmaneser (III)" AND Shammu-ramat , regent 823 – 811	Baba-aha-iddina (2 years) 812 - ??? / 5 kings (11 years)		
	Ninurta-apla-X (10 years)		
Adad-nirari III (28 years) "son of Shamshi-Adad (V)" 810 - 783	Marduk-bel-zeri (10 years)		
	Marduk-apla-usur (11 years)		
Shalmaneser IV (10 years) "son of Adad-nirari (III)" 782 – 773	Eriba-Marduk (9 + years)		
Ashur-Dan III (18 years) "son of Shalmaneser (IV)"; 772 – 755	Nabu-shuma-ishkun (13 + years)		
Ashur-nirari V (10 years) "son of Adad-nirari (III)" 754-745			
	Nabu-nasir (Nabonassar) (14 years) 747 – 734		

Tiglath-Pileser III (18 years) (Pul) "son of Ashur-nirari (V)" 744 – 727 <i>Contemporary with Ahaz and Menahem, & Pekah</i>	Nabu-nadin-zeri (2 years) 733 – 732 AND Nabu-suma-ukin II (1 month) 732		
	Nabu-mukin-zeri (3 years) 731 – 729 <i>Conquered by Tiglath-Pileser III (Pulu) (Póros): (2 years) 728 – 727</i>		
Shalmaneser V (5 years) "son of Tiglath-Pileser (III)" 726 – 722; <i>Contemporary with Hoshea</i>			
Sargon II 722–705 BC	Marduk-apla-iddina II (12 years) (the Biblical Merodach-Baladan) 721 – 710		
	Sharrukin II (Sargon II) (Arkeanos) (5 years) 709 – 705		
Sennacherib 705–681 BC	Sin-ahhe-eriba (Sennacherib) (2 years)		
	Marduk-zakir-shumi II 703 BC		
	Marduk-apla-iddina II 703 BC 2nd reign)		
	Bel-ibni 703 – 700 BC		
	Ashur-nadin-shumi 700 – 694 BC son of Sennacherib AND Nergal-ushezib 694 – 693 BC		
	Mushezib-Marduk 693 – 689 BC AND <i>Assyrian Sack of Babylon by Sennacherib, 689 BC; Babylon is rebuilt by Esarhaddon of Assyria in the 670s BC</i>		
	Sin-ahhe-eriba (Sennacherib) 689 – 681 BC	Deioces (reign 700-647 BCE)	
Esarhaddon (Ashur-ahha-iddina) 681–669 BC			
Ashurbanipal 669–between 631 & 627 BC son of Esarhaddon 664 BC CONQUERS THEBES	Shamash-shum-ukin 668 – 648 BC son of Esarhaddon		

Ashur-etil-ilani ca. 631–627 BC son of Ashurbanipal	Kandalanu 648 – 627 BC	Phraortes (reign 647-625 BCE)		
Sin-shumu-lishir 626 BC AND Sin-shar-ishkun ca. 627–612 BC Son of Ashurbanipal	Sin-shumu-lishir 626 BC Only parts, including the city of Babylon. AND Sinsharishkun ca. 627 – 612 BC Lost control over Babylonia.	Scythian (reign 624-597 BCE)	Cyrus I , son of Teispes 652 to 600 BC	Ariaramnes , son of Teispes
	CHALDEAN RULERS OF BABYLON: Nabu-apla-usur (Nabopolassar) 626 – 605 BC	Cyaxares (reign 624-585 BCE)		
Ashur-uballit II 612 BC–ca. 608 BC aided by Necho II of Egypt <i>Assyria conquered by Babylon 605 at Battle of Carchemish</i>	Nabu-kudurri-usur (Nebuchadnezzar II) 605 – 562 BC Son of Nabopolaasar			
Amel-Marduk 562 – 560 BC Son of Nebuchadnezzar II	Astyages (reign 585-549 BCE),	Cambyses I of Anshan, son of Cyrus I, and son-in-law to Astyages c. 580 to 559 BC	Hystaspes , son of Ariaramnes	
Nergal-shar-usur (Nergal-sharezer/Neriglissar) 560 – 556 BC AND Labashi-Marduk 556 BC				
Nabu-na'id (Nabonidus) 556 – 539 BC AND Belshazzaar (regent 553 – 539)				
Cyrus II the Great of Persia 539 – 529 BC – Captures Babylon 540		Cyrus II the Great 550 – 530 BC	Arsames , son of Hystaspes	
Achaemenid Babylonia: Cambyses II 529 – 522 BC Son of Cyrus the Great				
Babylon Conquers Egypt 525				
Smerdis (Bardiya) 522 BC (Possibly a usurper) alleged son of Cyrus the Great				
Darius I of Persia the Great 521 – 486 BC Brother-in-law of Smerdis, son of Hystaspes, and grandson of Arsames				
Xerxes I of Persia 485 – 465 BC Son of Darius I				
Xerxes failed attempt to conquer Greece, beginning of struggle with Greeks for control of the eastern Mediterranean				
Artaxerxes I of Persia Longimanus 465 – 424 BC Son of Xerxes I				
Successful suppression of Greek-supported revolt in Egypt, 460-456				
Revolt of Megabyzus, governor of the territory which included Judah, 449				
Xerxes II of Persia 424 BC, Son of Artaxerxes I AND Sogdianus of Persia, 424 – 423 BC (Half-brother and rival of Xerxes II)				
Darius II of Persia Nothus 423 – 405 BC Half-brother and rival of Xerxes II				
Artaxerxes II of Persia Mnemon 404 – 359 BC (see also Xenophon) son of Darius II				
Egypt regains independence 401				
Artaxerxes III of Persia Ochus 358 – 338 BC Son of Artaxerxes II				
Arses of Persia (Artaxerxes IV) 338 – 336 BC Son of Artaxerxes III				

Darius III of Persia Codomannus 336 – 330 BC Great-grandson of Darius II – reconquers Egypt

Seleucid Babylonia: Alexander the Great 330 – 323 BC

Philip III Arrhideus (323 BC–317)

Alexander IV of Macedon 323 – 309 BC

Seleucus I Nicator Satrap 311 – 305 BC, King 305 – 281 BC

Antiochus I Soter co-ruler from 291, ruled 281 – 261 BC

Antiochus II Theos 261 – 246 BC

Seleucus II Callinicus 246 – 225 BC

Seleucus III Ceraunus (or Soter) 225 – 223 BC

Antiochus III the Great 223 – 187 BC

Seleucus IV Philopator 187 – 175 BC

Antiochus IV Epiphanes 175 – 164 BC

Antiochus V Eupator 164 – 162 BC

Demetrius I Soter 161 – 150 BC

Alexander I Balas 150 – 145 BC

Demetrius II Nicator first reign, 145 – 141 BC